

## <u>Std : 6</u>

# Ch: 9 Graphics in Basic - 256

## **Textual Exercises**

Que. A	Tick the	correct	answer	:
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1.		area will display picture	es, shapes and graphics that you create.			
	a.	Text Output Area	b. Program Area	c. Graphics Output		
		Area				
2.	In Basi	c - 256 , you can apply co	lors in drawings and text byv	vays.		
	a.	Three	b. Two	c. Four		
3.		command is used to c	lear the Graphics Output Screen.			
	a.	CLS	b. CLG	c. END		
4.		command is used to re	esize the Graphics Output area.			
	a.	Polygon	b. Circle	c. Graphsize		
5.	To see	the output , Click on the _	button on the toolbar.			
	a.	Run	b. Debug	c. Undo		
<b>^</b> - 5		T				
Que. B	write	True and False stateme	ents.			
1.	In Basic	c – 256 , you can apply co	lors either by name or by RGB value.	[T]		
2.						
3.	3. END command is used to terminate the program. [T]					
4.	4. Text Output area will display pictures, Shapes, and graphics that you create. [F]					
5.	5. RGB stands for Red, Green and Blue which are the Primary colors. [T]					
Que. C Fill in the blanks:						

## Que

- 1. Graphics Output area is made of many tiny parts called **Pixels**.
- 2. In RGB, value of red, green and blue defines the Intensity of the color between 0 and 255.
- 3. You can make a triangle with colorful line using **Line** command.
- 4. The default size of Graphics Output area is 300 x 300 Pixels.

## **Que. D Define the Following:**

1. LINE Command: This Command draws a line between two points on the screen.

Syntax : LINE (x1 , y1) , (x2 , y2)

2. CIRCLE Command: We can draw the colorful circles on the screen by giving a radius around the specific location. To draw a circle on the screen , we have to set the point by coordinates x and y, which acts as a center and then the radius.

Syntax: CIRCLE x,y,r



3. RECT Command: We can draw a rectangle in the Graphics Output area by using RECT Command.

The top left corner of the rectangle is specified as x and y coordinates , and then width and height from this point.

Syntax: RECT x, y, Width, Height

4. POLY Command: We can draw the polygon shapes in the Graphics Output Area by using POLY Command. A Polygon is a closed shape with many sides. All the sides of a polygon are determined by the pair of x and y coordinates.

Syntax: POLY {x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, x4, y4, ......}

#### Que. E Answer in one two sentences.

1. What is Graphics Output Area?

Ans: BASIC- 256 has a built-in Graphics Output area which lets the user draw different shapes and figures very easily. This area is made of many tiny parts called Pixels, which are of different colors.

2. What is the default size of Graphics Output Area?

Ans : The default size of Graphics Output Area is 300 x (Vertical Rows) and 300 y (Horizontal Columns ) Pixels.

3. Name the commands for Graphics Output area.

Ans: CLG, END, TEXT, FONT, LINE, CIRCLE, RECT and Poly Command.

#### **Extra Notes**

#### Answer in one word:

1. What is called the area is made of many tiny parts?

Ans: Pixels

2. What is the other name of Graphics Output Area?

Ans: Graph Paper

3. How many ways colors are represented? Name them.

Ans: Two: By Name and By RGB Value

4. What is the full form of RGB?

Ans: Red, Green and Blue

5. Which command is used to clear graphics output screen?

Ans : CLG

6. Which command is used to display numbers as well as text as an output in the Text Output Area?

Ans : Print

7. Which command is used to draw line between two points on the screen?

Ans: Line command

8. Which command is used to draw a rectangle in the Graphics Output area?

Ans: RECT Command

9. Which command is used to draw colorful circles by giving radius around the specific location?

Ans: CIRCLE Command

10. Which command is used to draw the polygon shapes in the Graphics Output Area?

Ans: POLY command